

Compilers

Radan Ganchev

Compilers

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- Purpose
- Structure
- How to write a compiler?
- Real life examples

Purpose of compilers

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- Translation

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 - high-level to low-level language translators

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- Optimization

Structure of a compiler

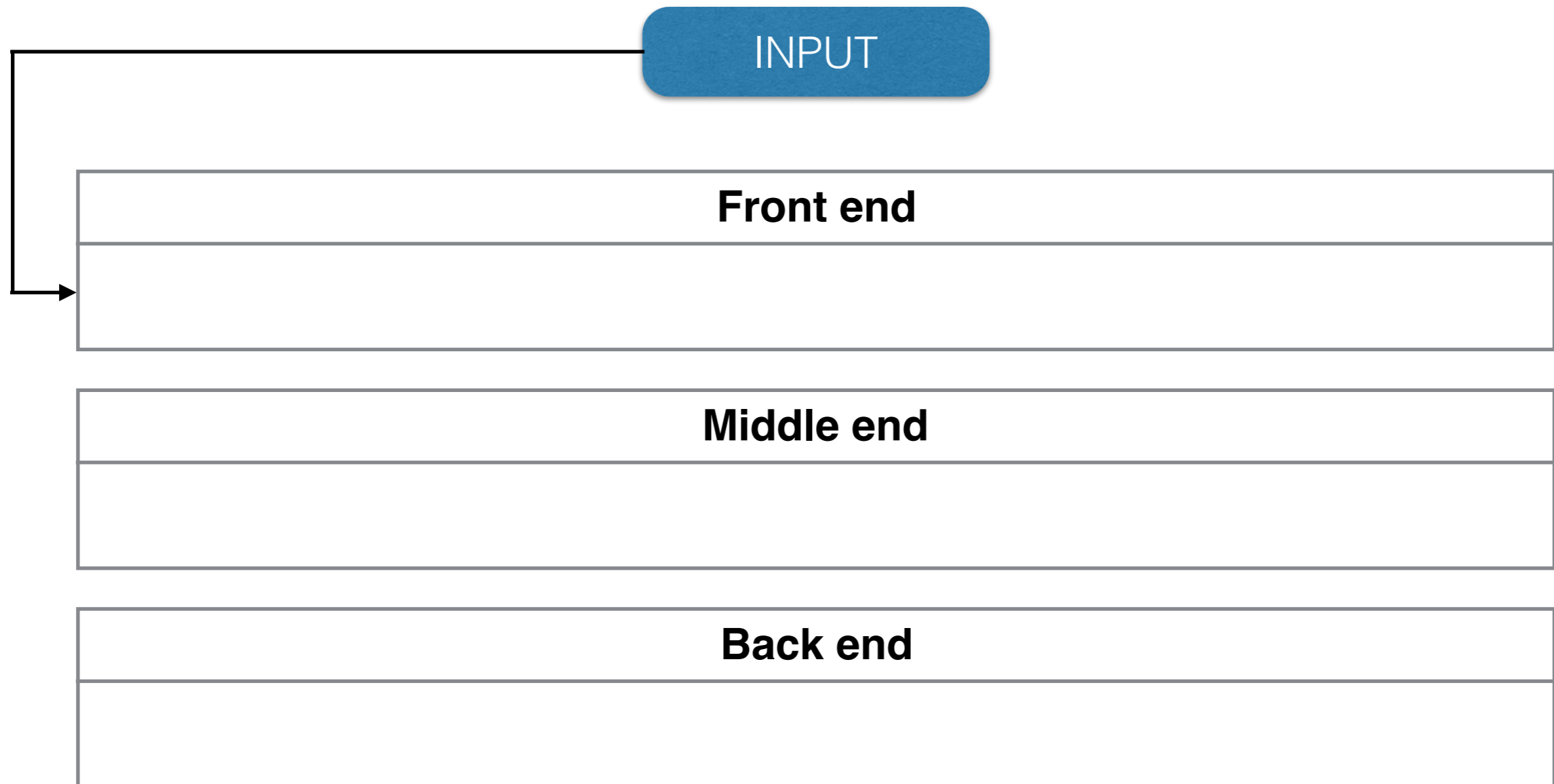
Structure of a compiler

Front end

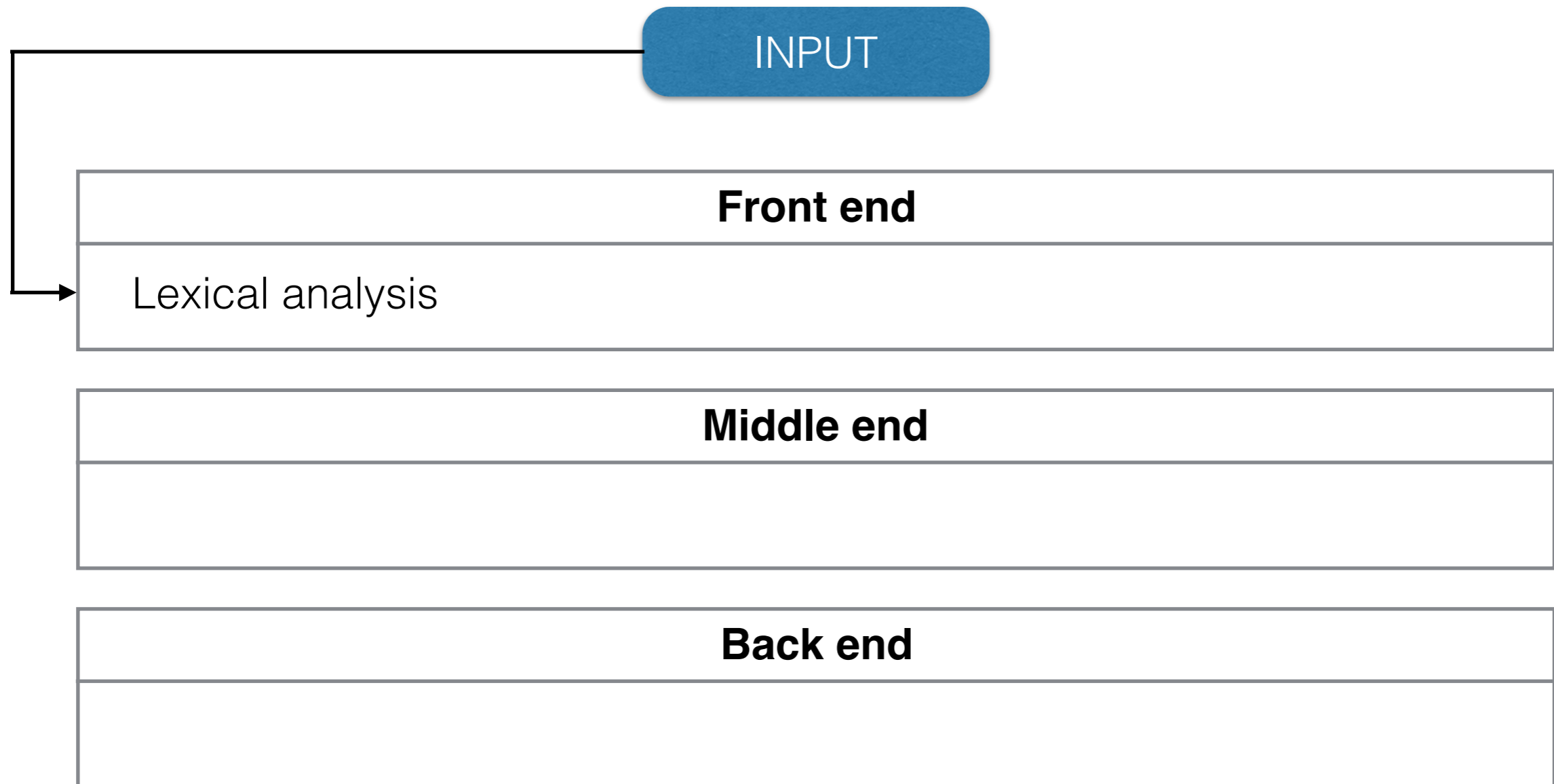
Middle end

Back end

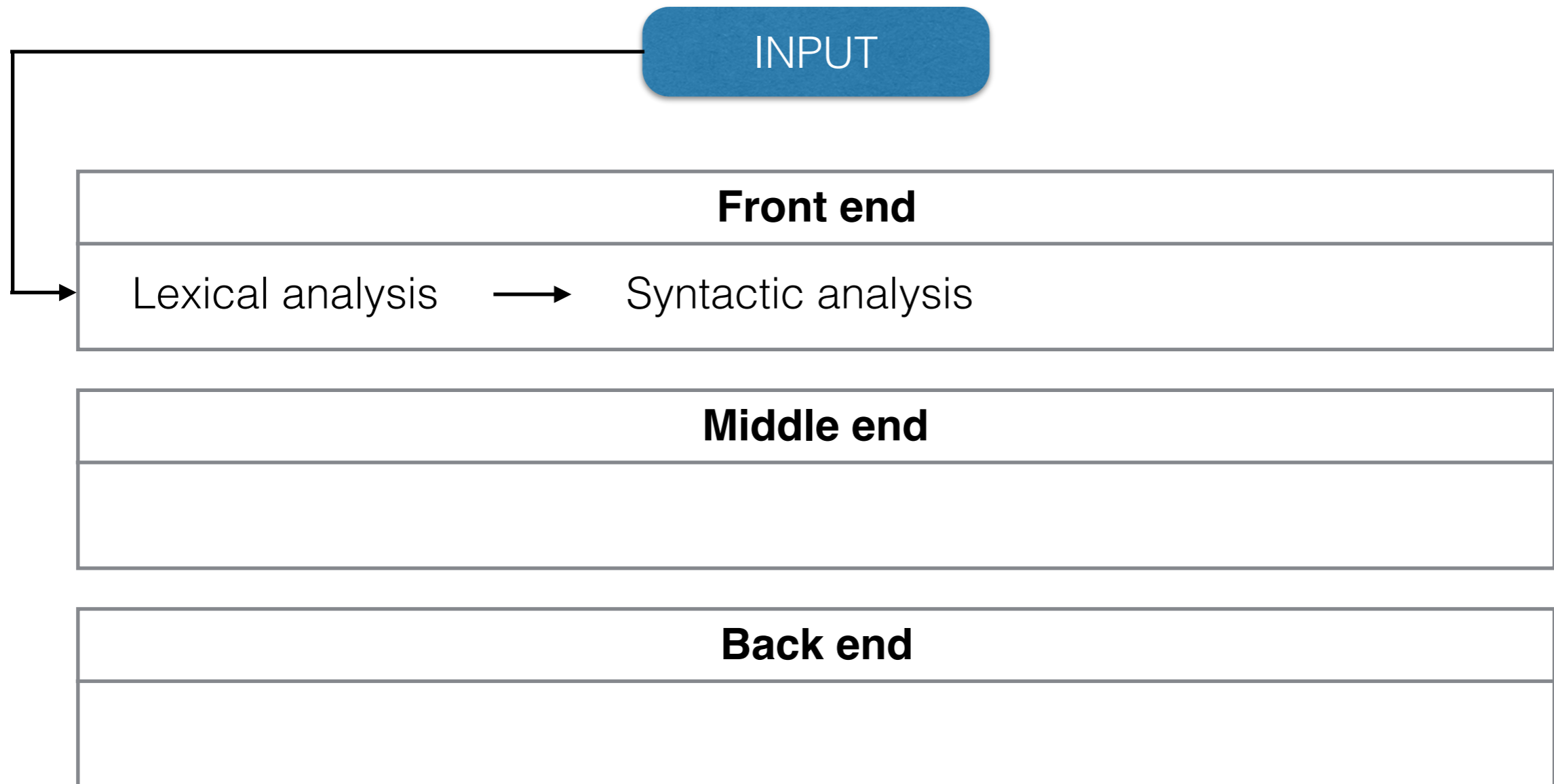
Structure of a compiler



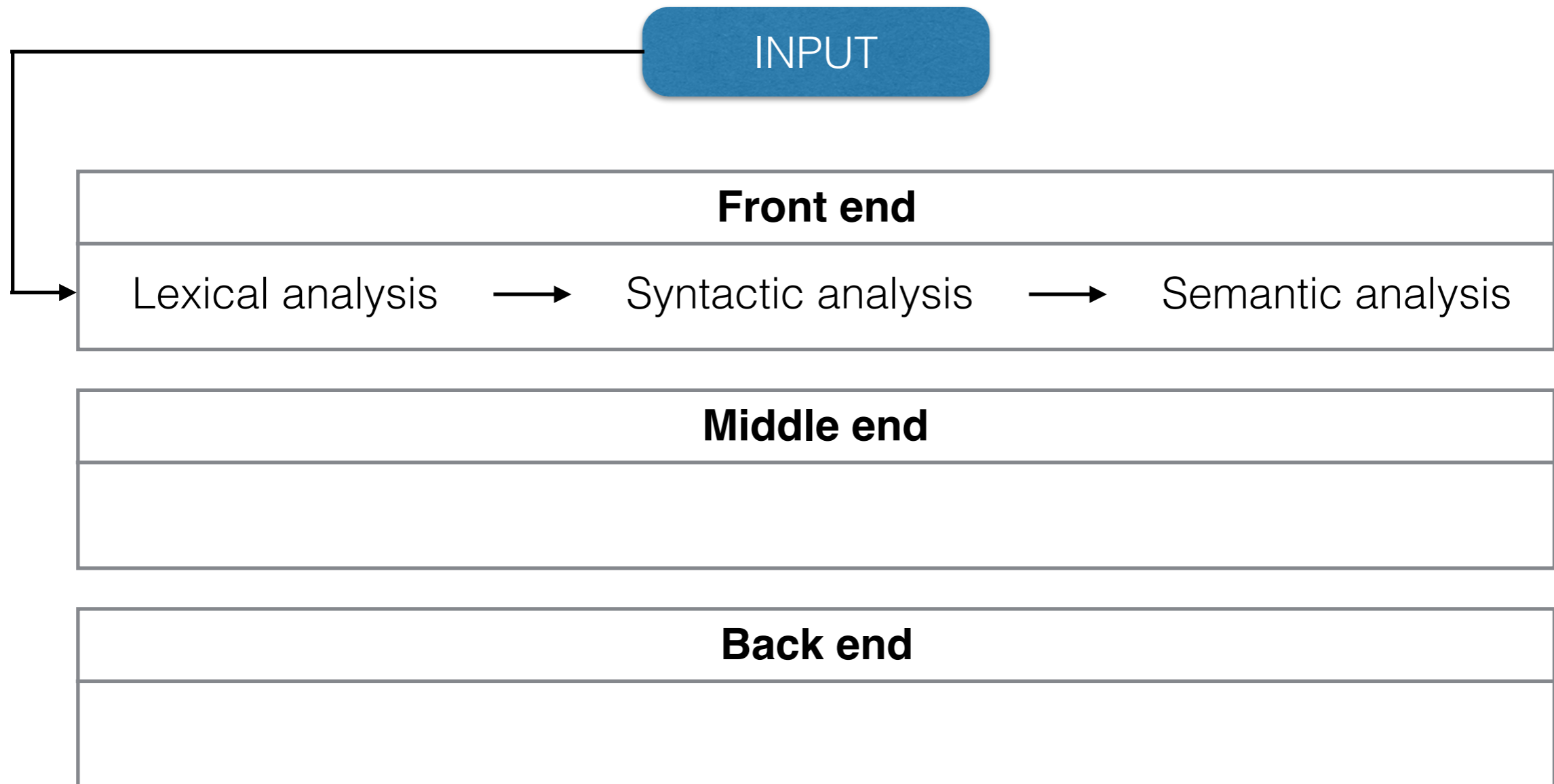
Structure of a compiler



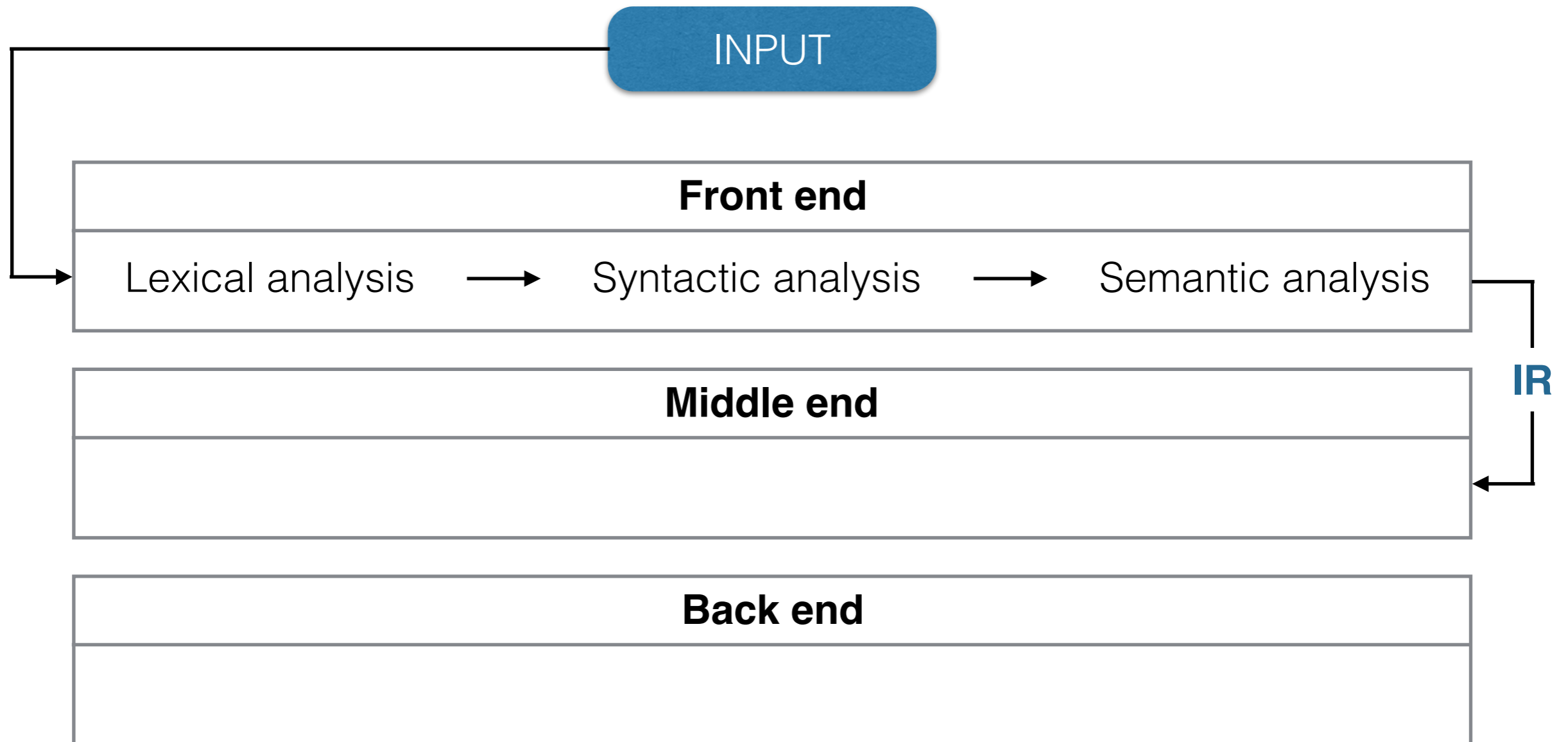
Structure of a compiler



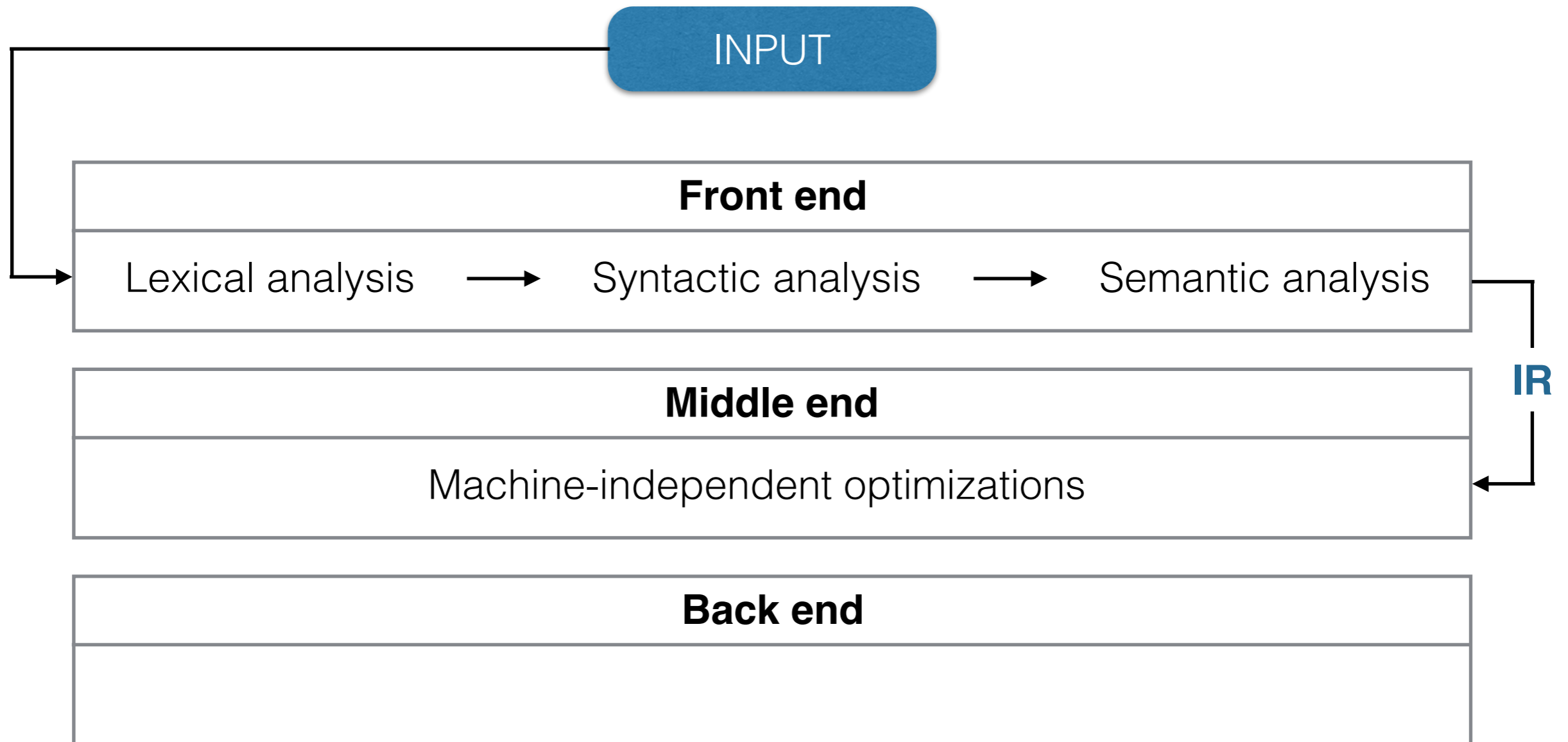
Structure of a compiler



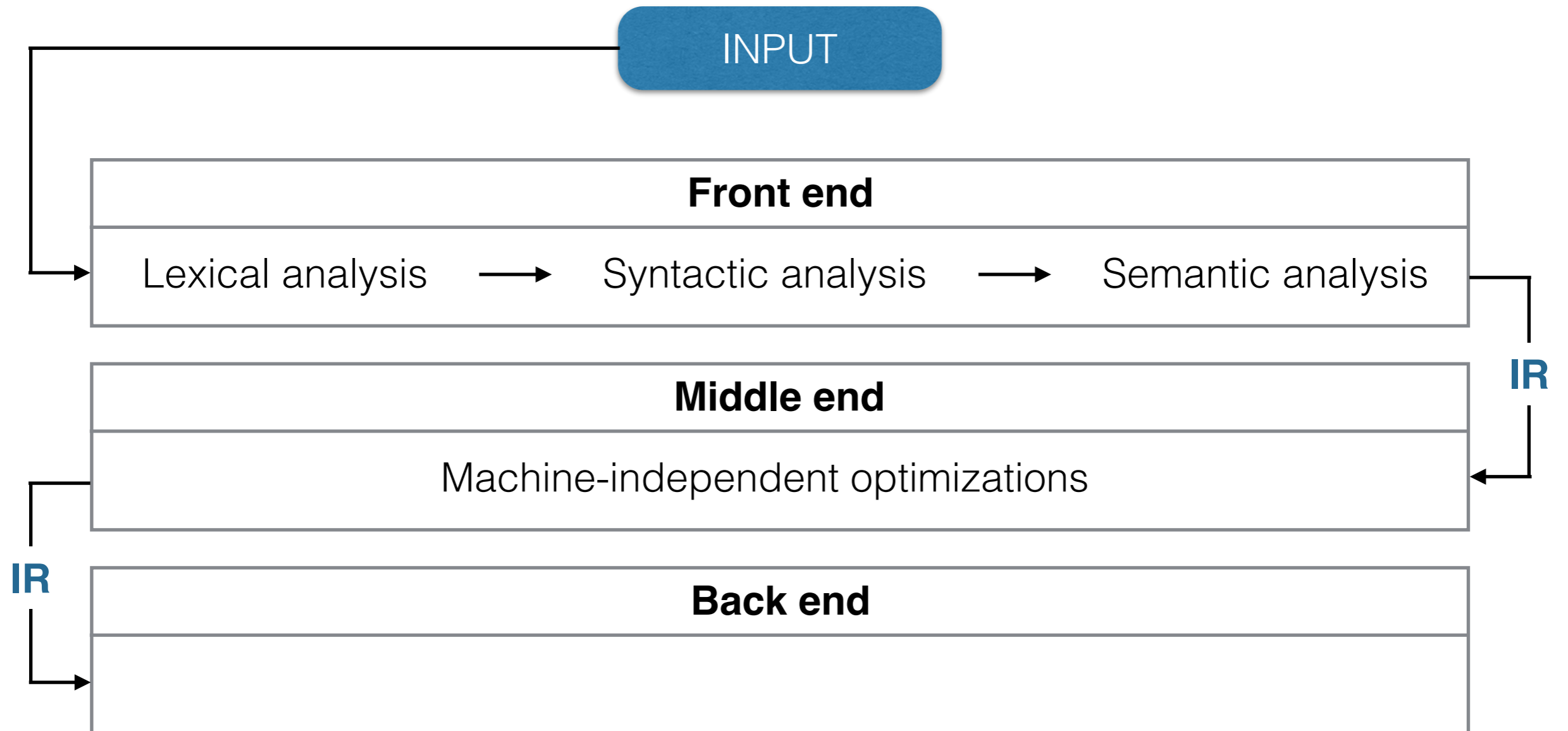
Structure of a compiler



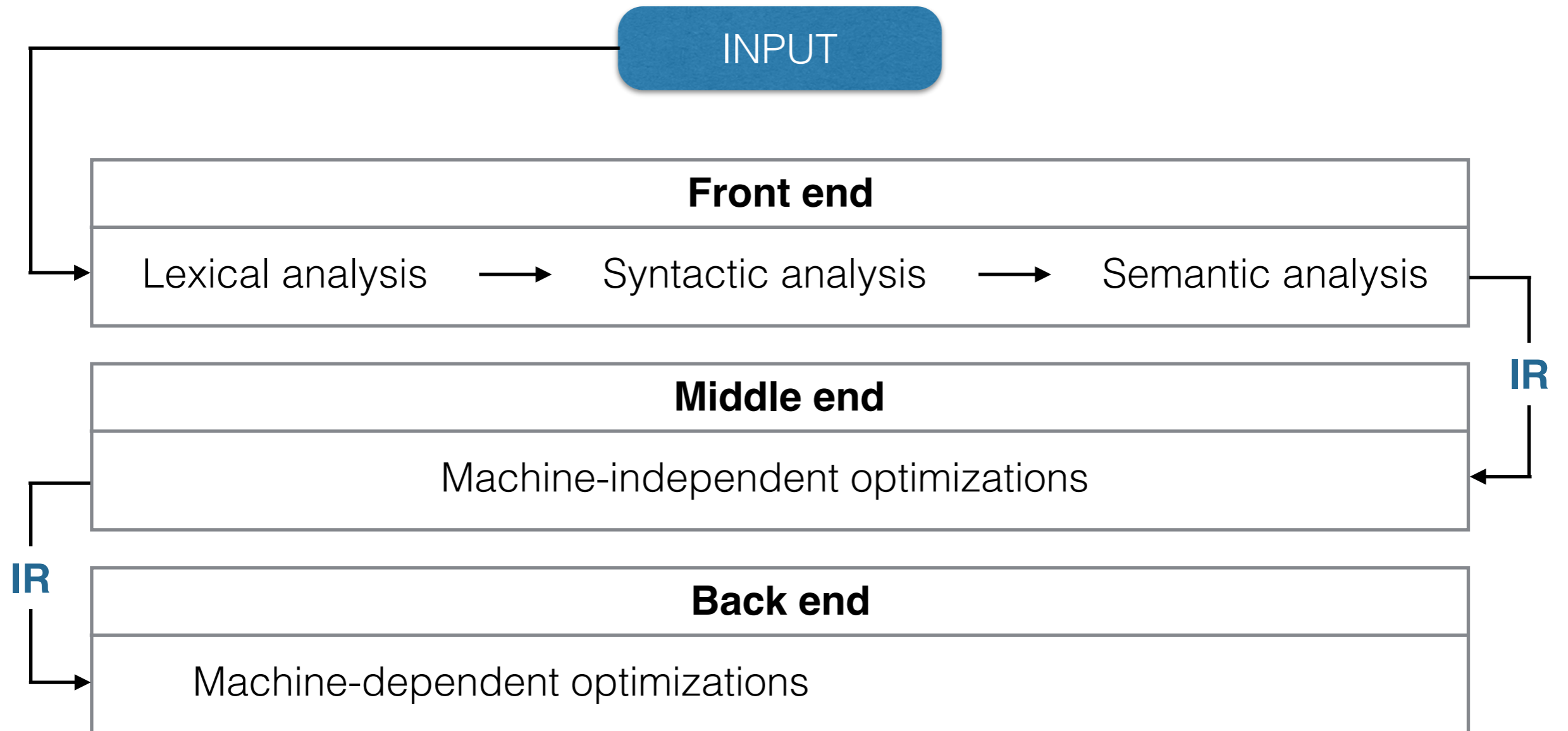
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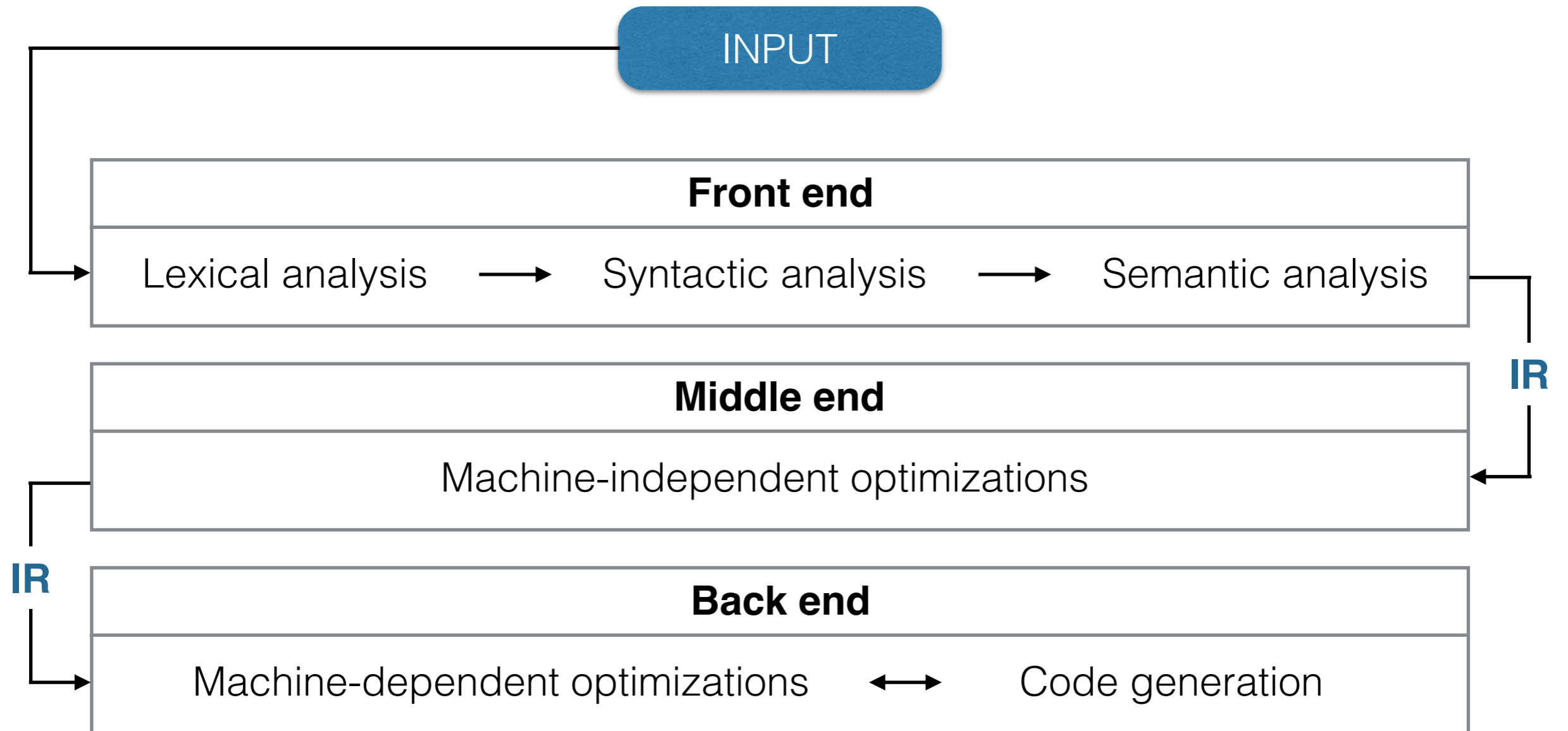
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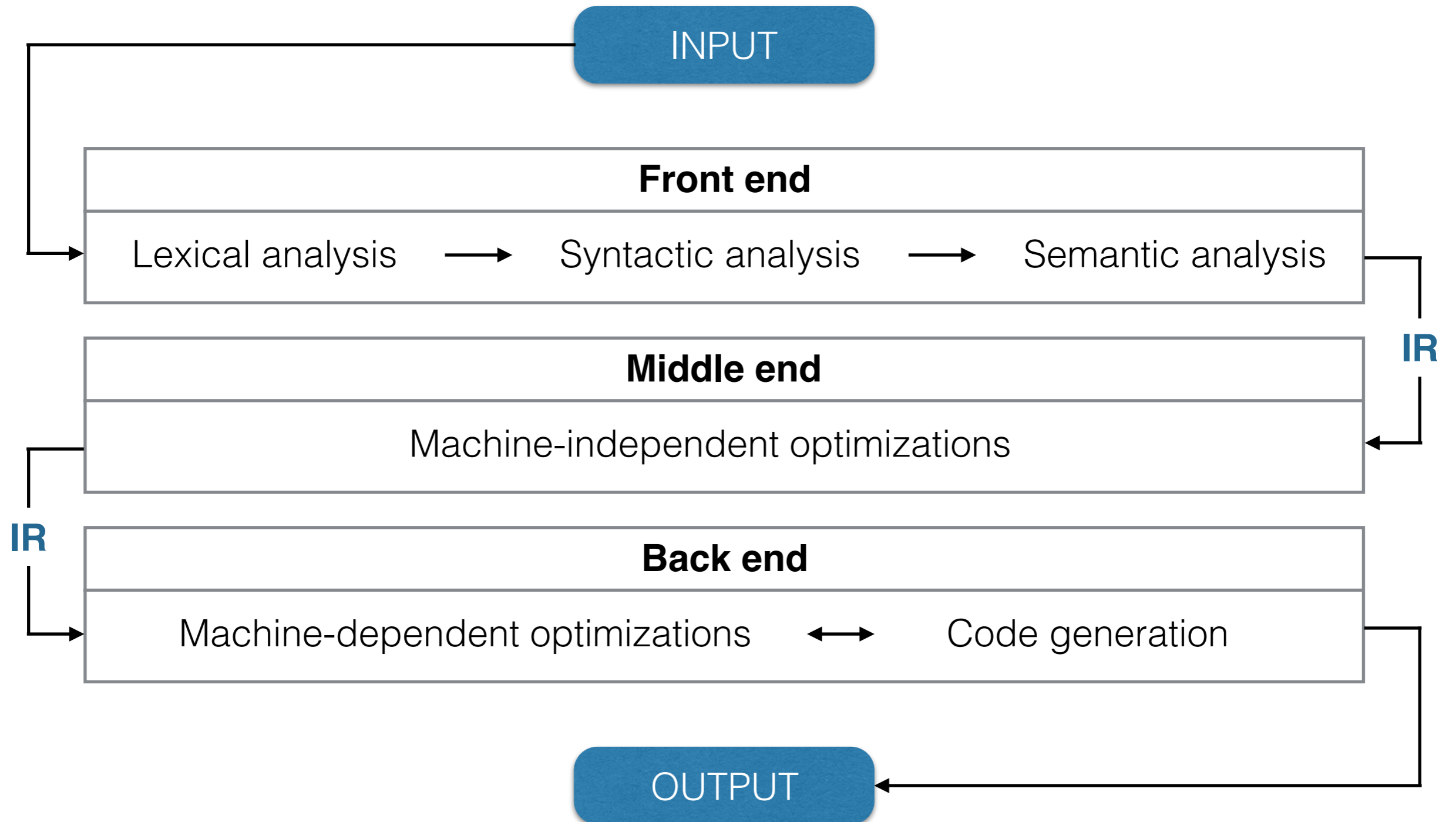
Structure of a compiler



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Lexical analysis

Lexical analysis

- Tokens:
<**token_class**, lexeme>

Lexical analysis

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`<token_class, lexeme>`

- Regular definition:

`token_class` \longrightarrow *regular_expression*

Lexical analysis

Lexical analysis

Lexer

token classes:

**if, then, else, =, -,
id, num, relop, ws**

regular definitions:

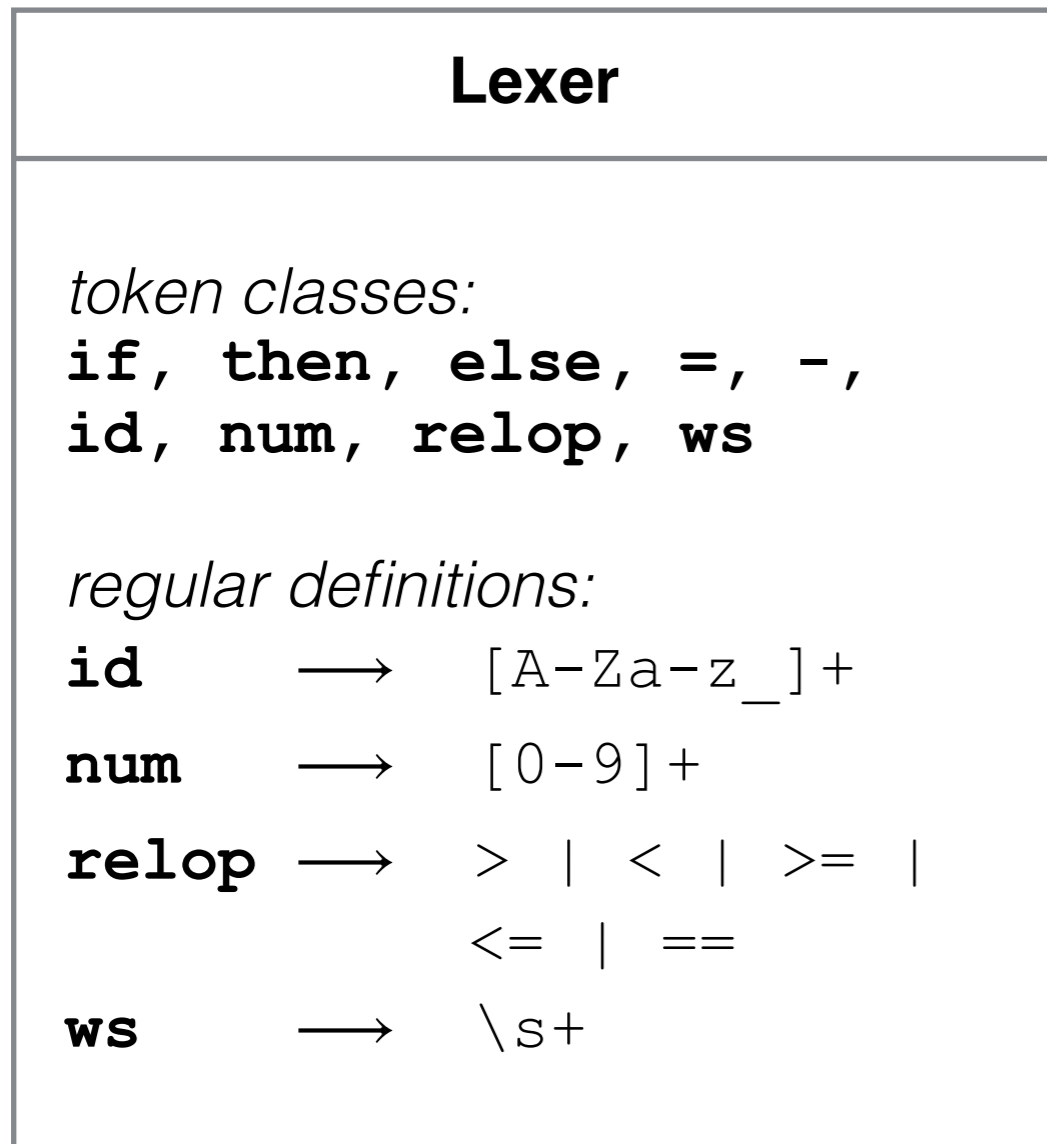
id \longrightarrow $[A-Za-z_]+$

num \longrightarrow $[0-9]^+$

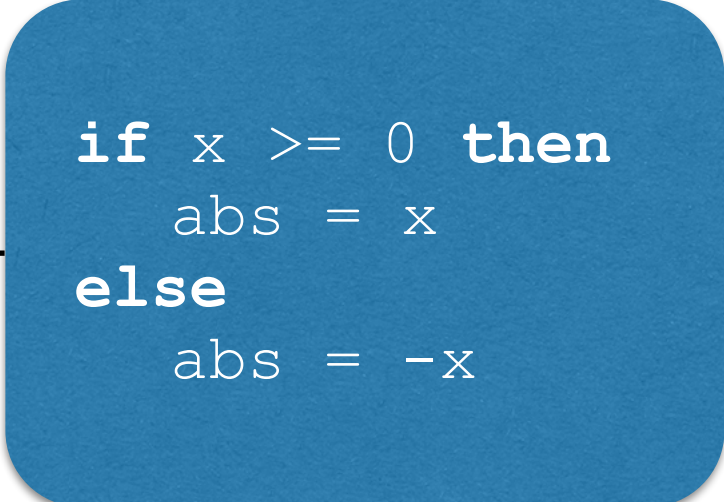
relop \longrightarrow $> \mid < \mid >= \mid$
 $<= \mid ==$

ws \longrightarrow $\backslash s^+$

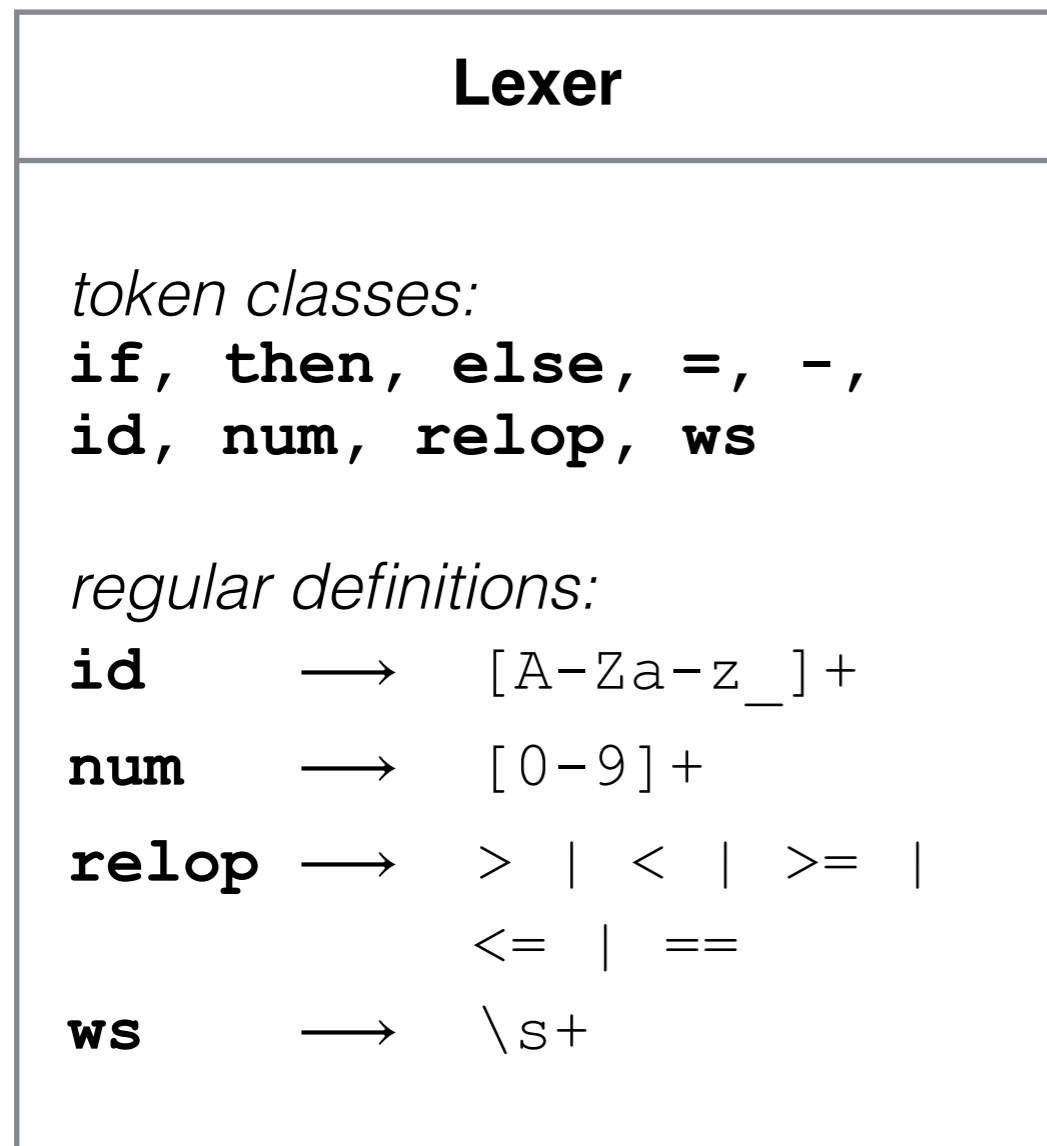
Lexical analysis



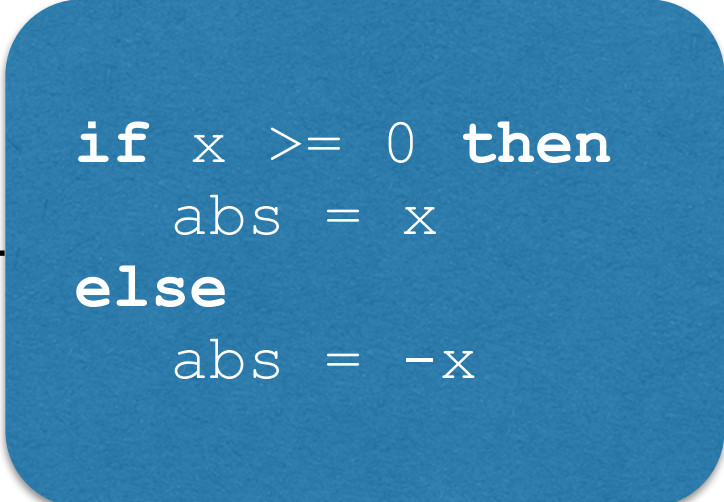
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Lexical analysis



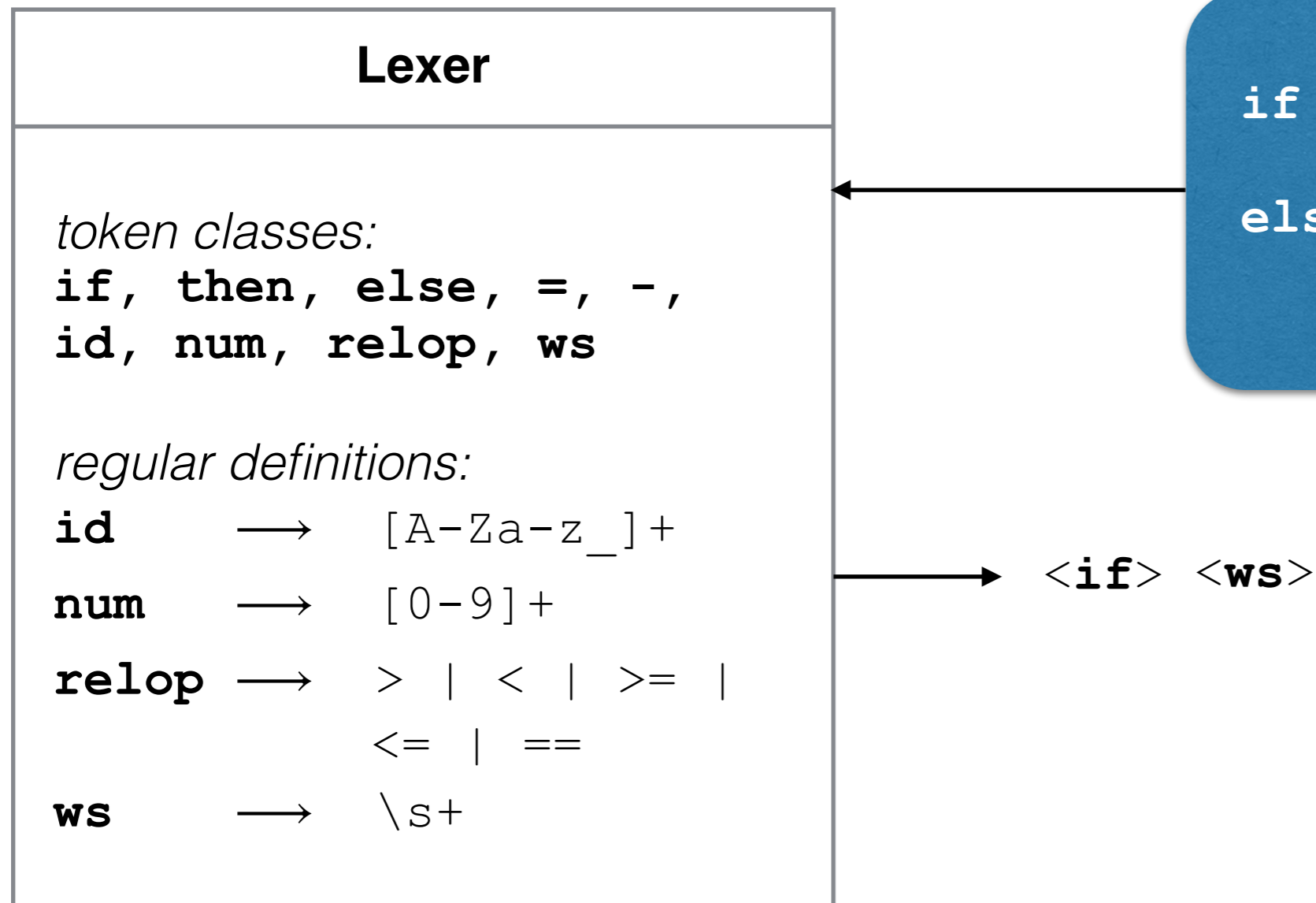
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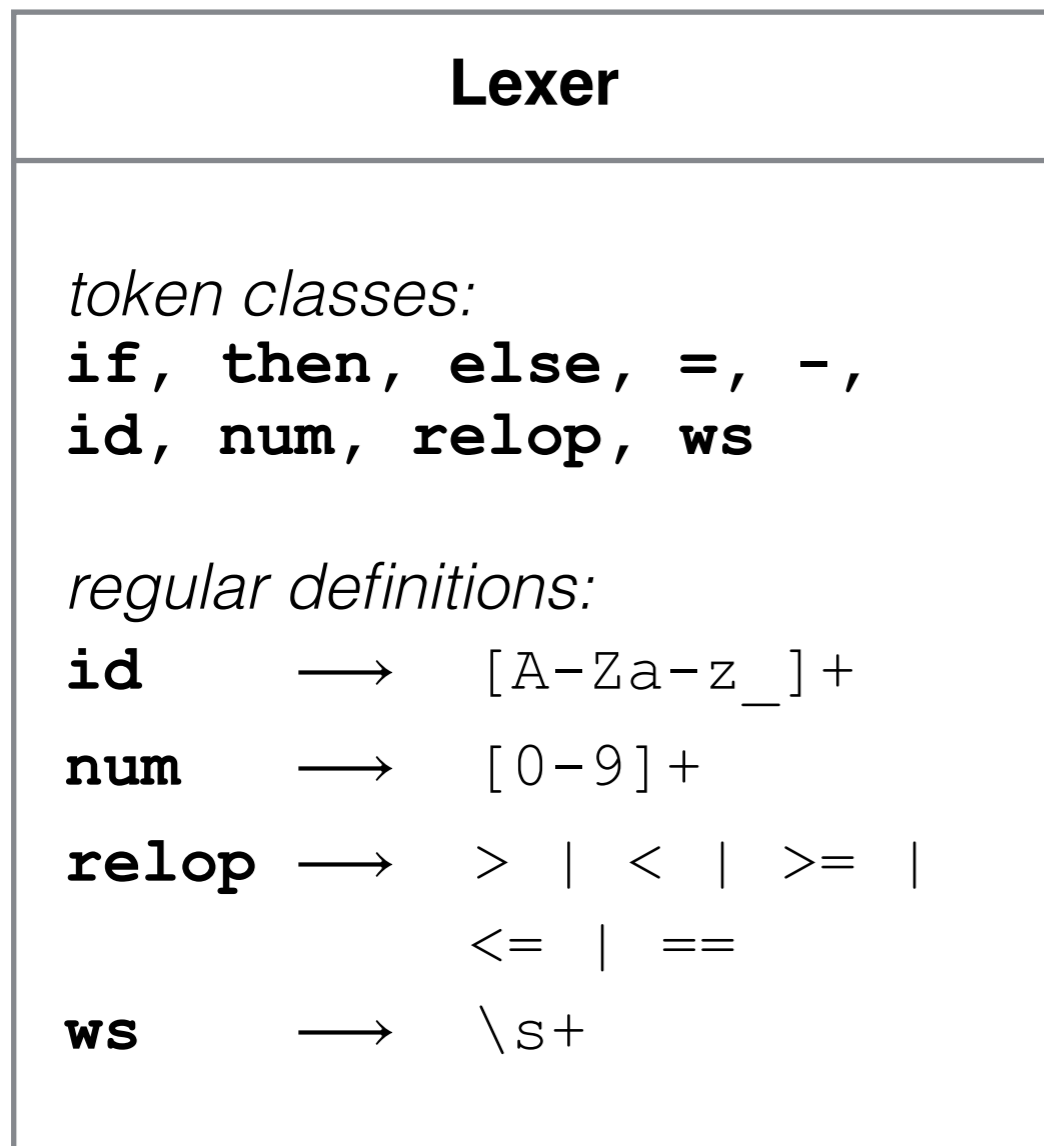
<if>



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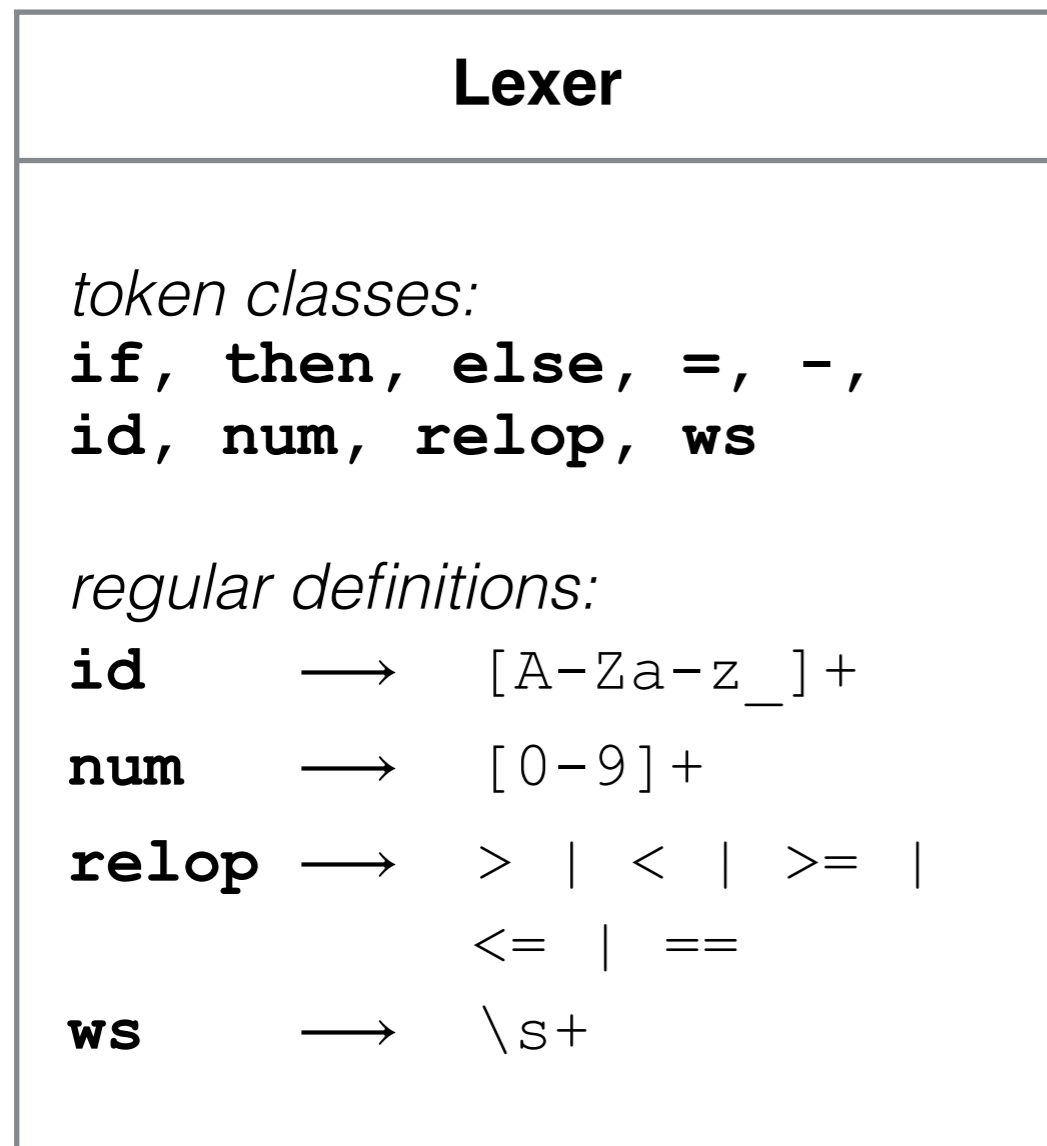
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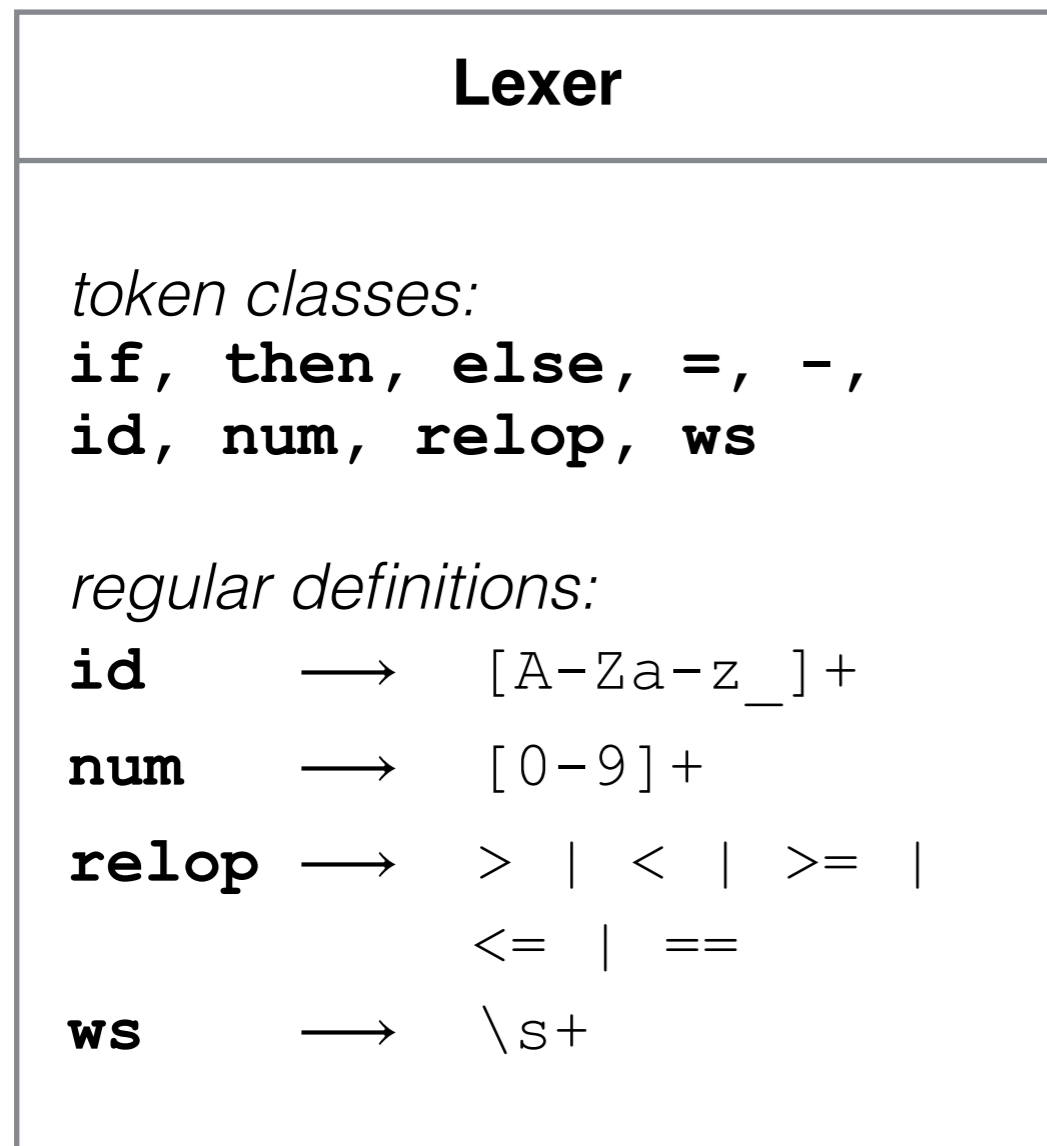
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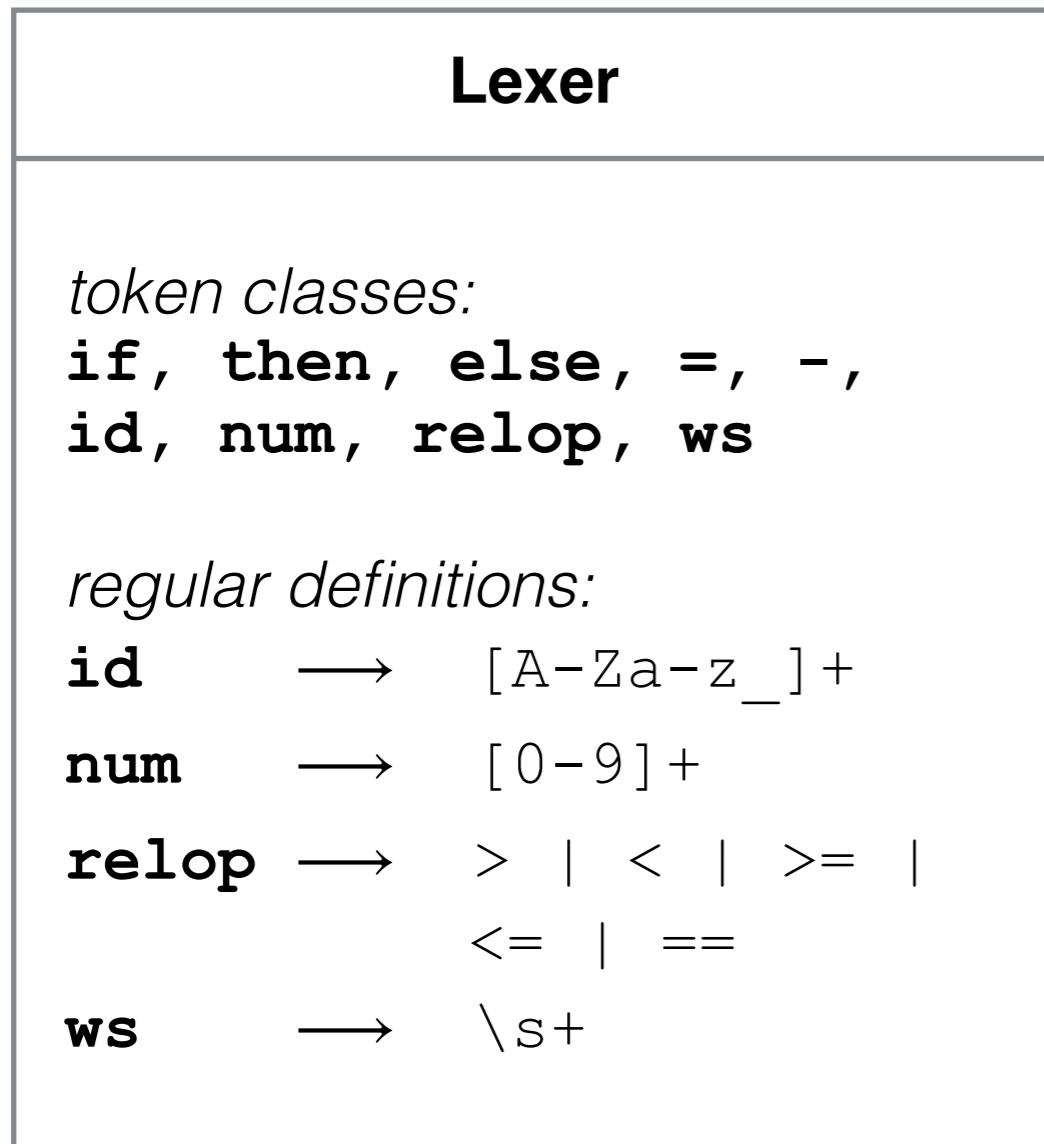
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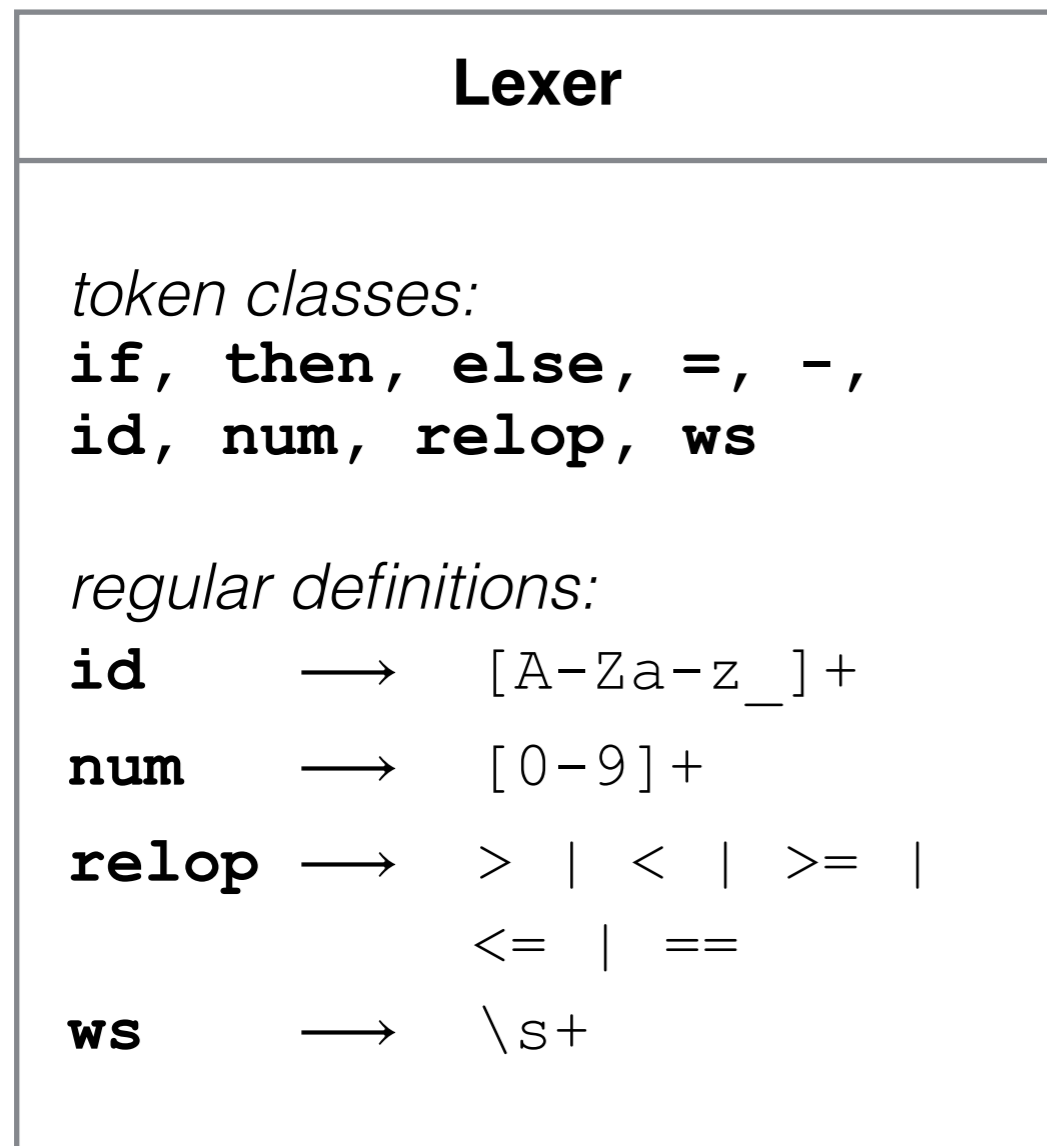
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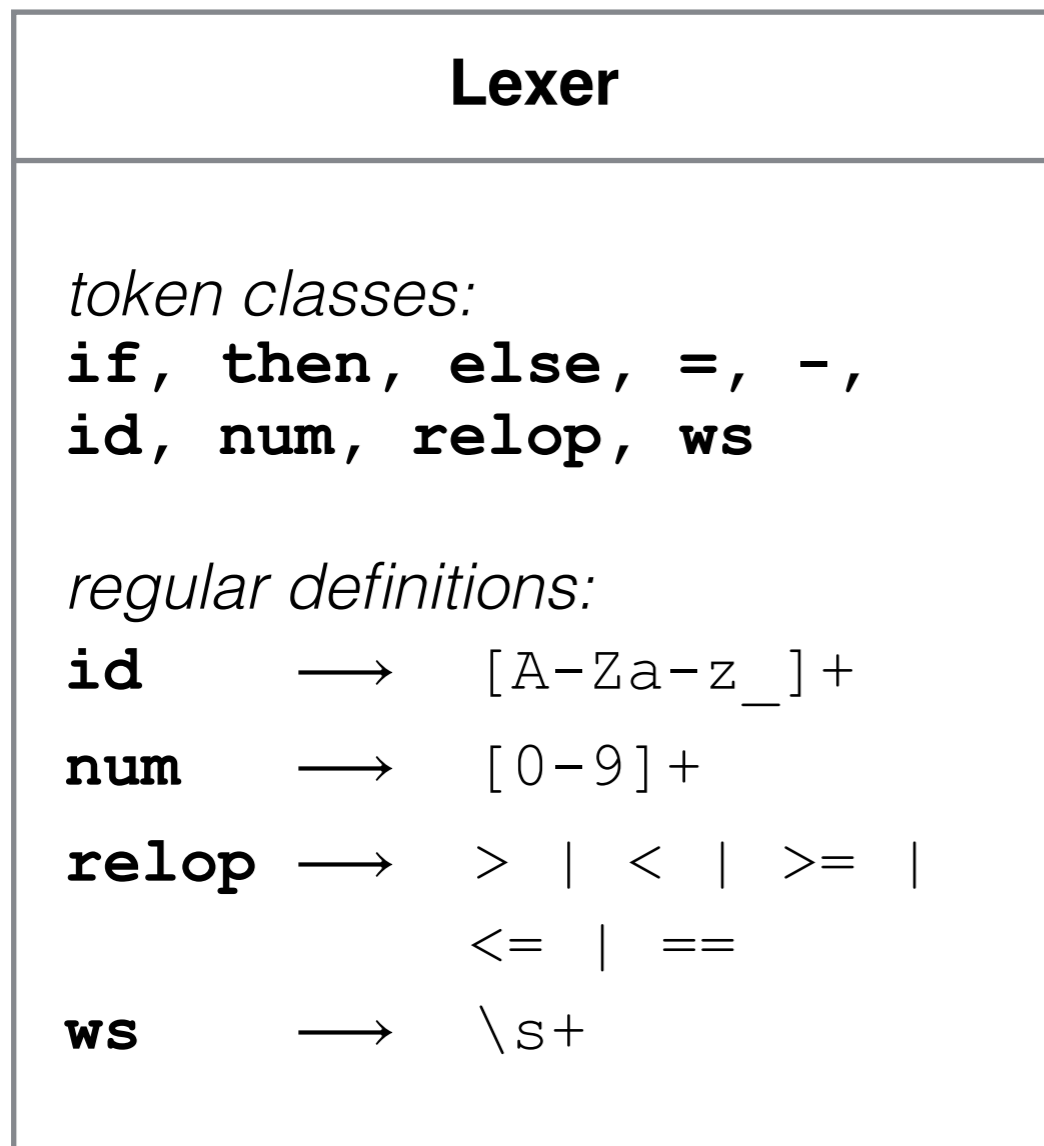
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Lexical analysis



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<ws> <then> <ws> <id, "abs">
<ws> <=> <ws> <id, "x"> <ws>
<else> <ws> <id, "abs"> <ws>
<=> <ws> <-> <id, "x">
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Syntactic analysis

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- Derivations are described by *concrete syntax trees*
- Concrete syntax trees are usually transformed to *abstract syntax trees (AST)*

Syntactic analysis

Syntactic analysis

Parser

ifStmt \rightarrow **if** *cond* **then** *stmt*

cond \rightarrow *expr* **relop** *expr*

stmt \rightarrow **id** = *expr*

expr \rightarrow **id** | **num**

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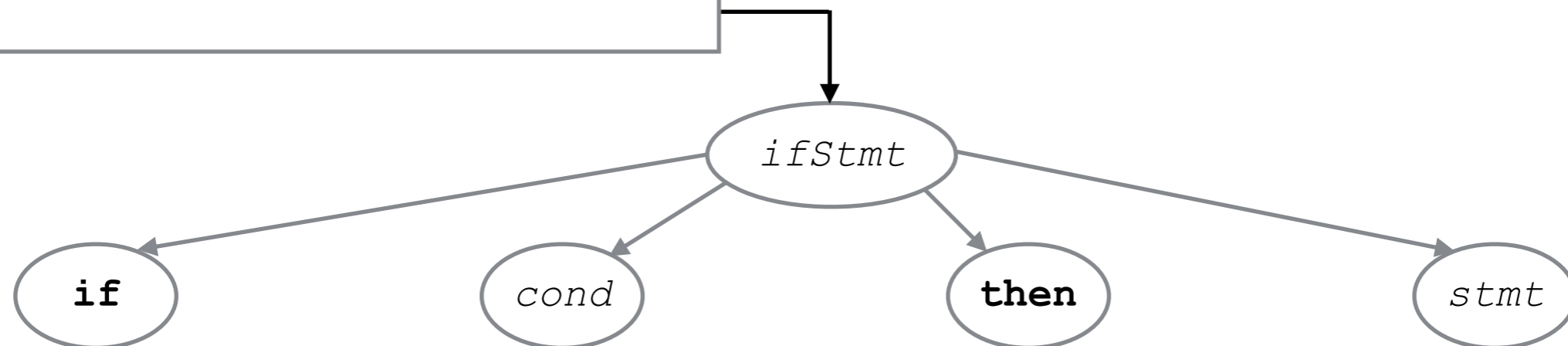
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ifStmt

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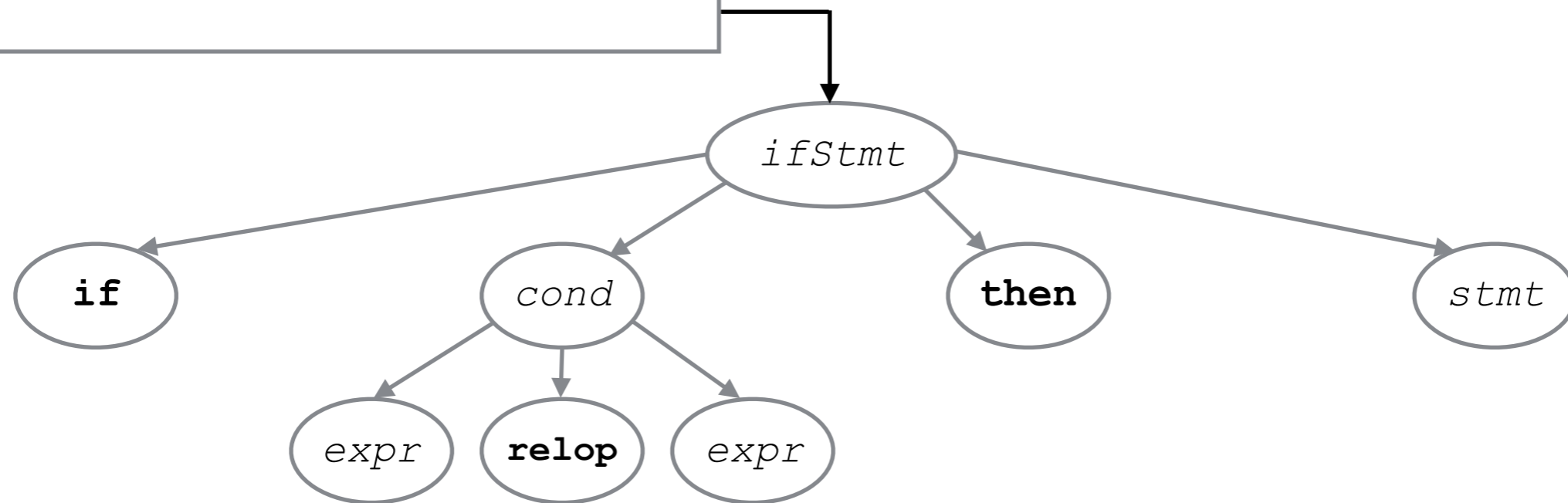


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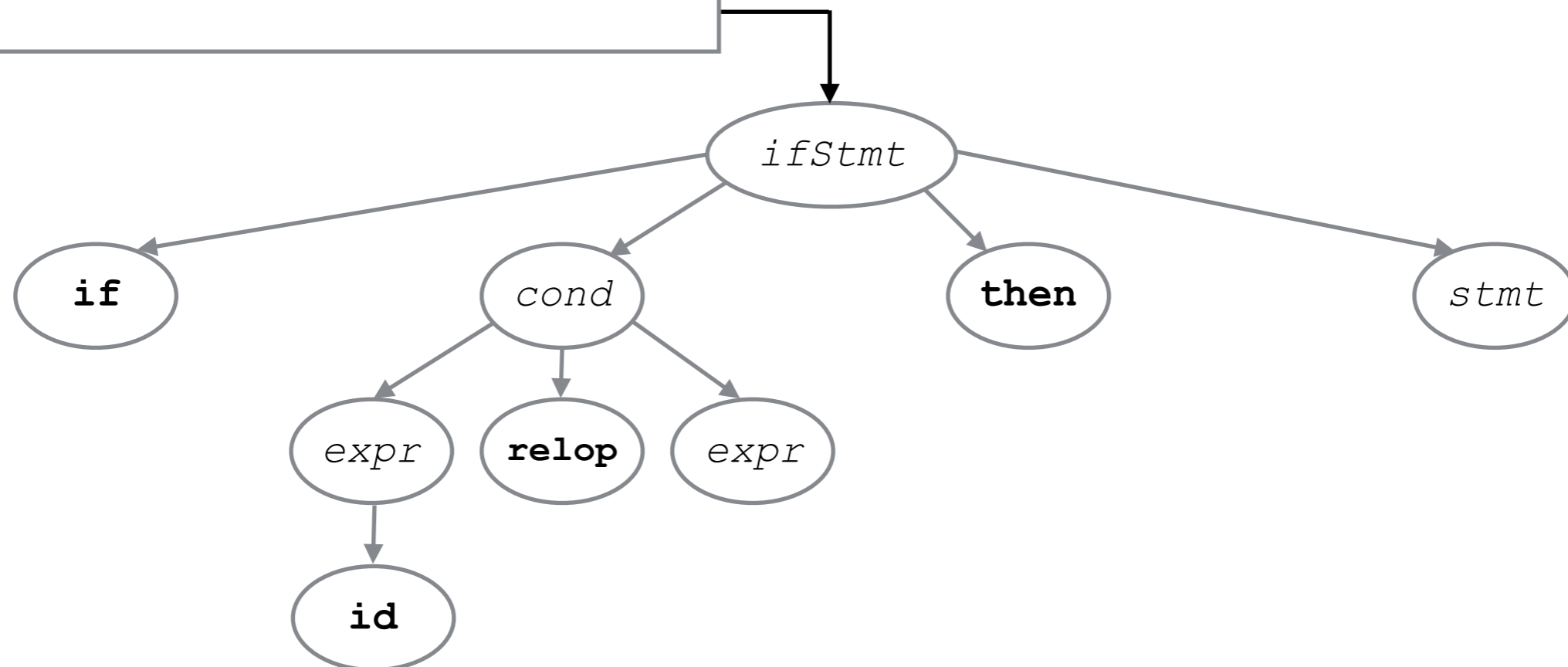


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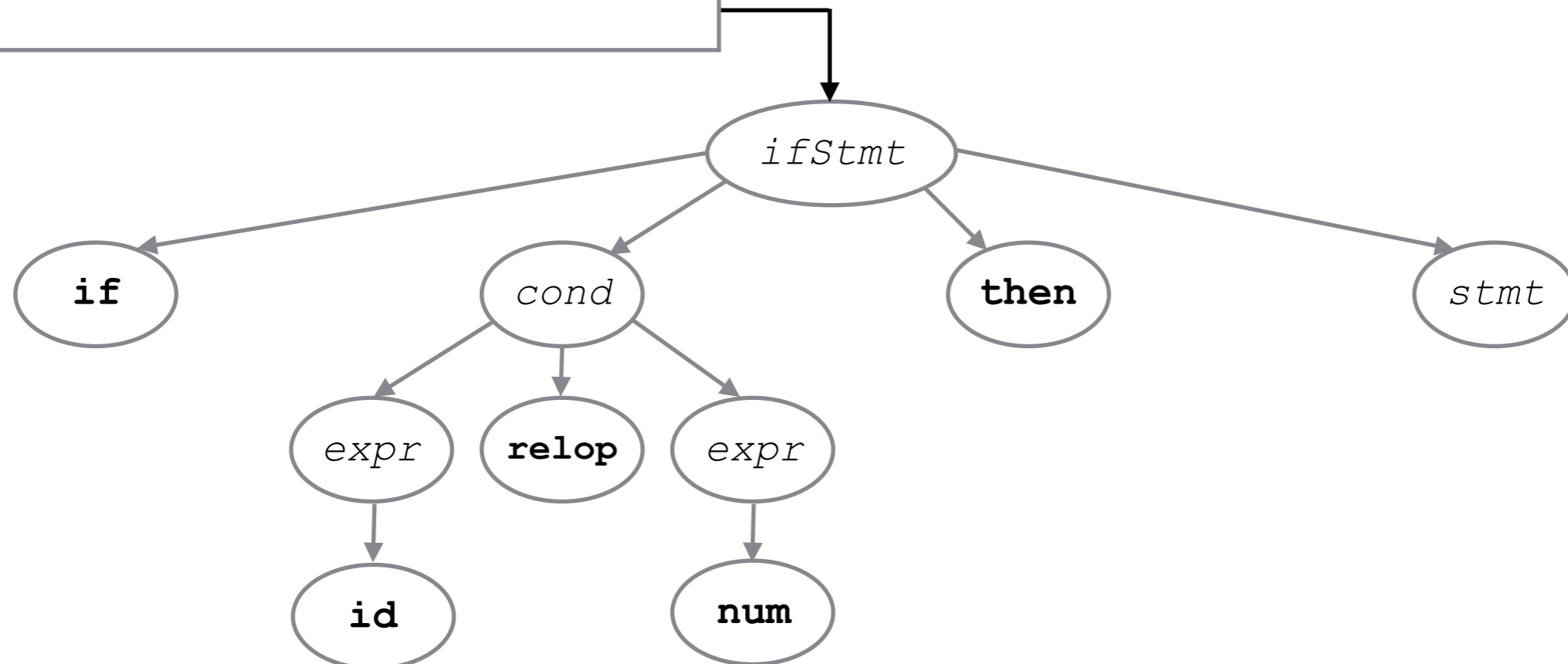
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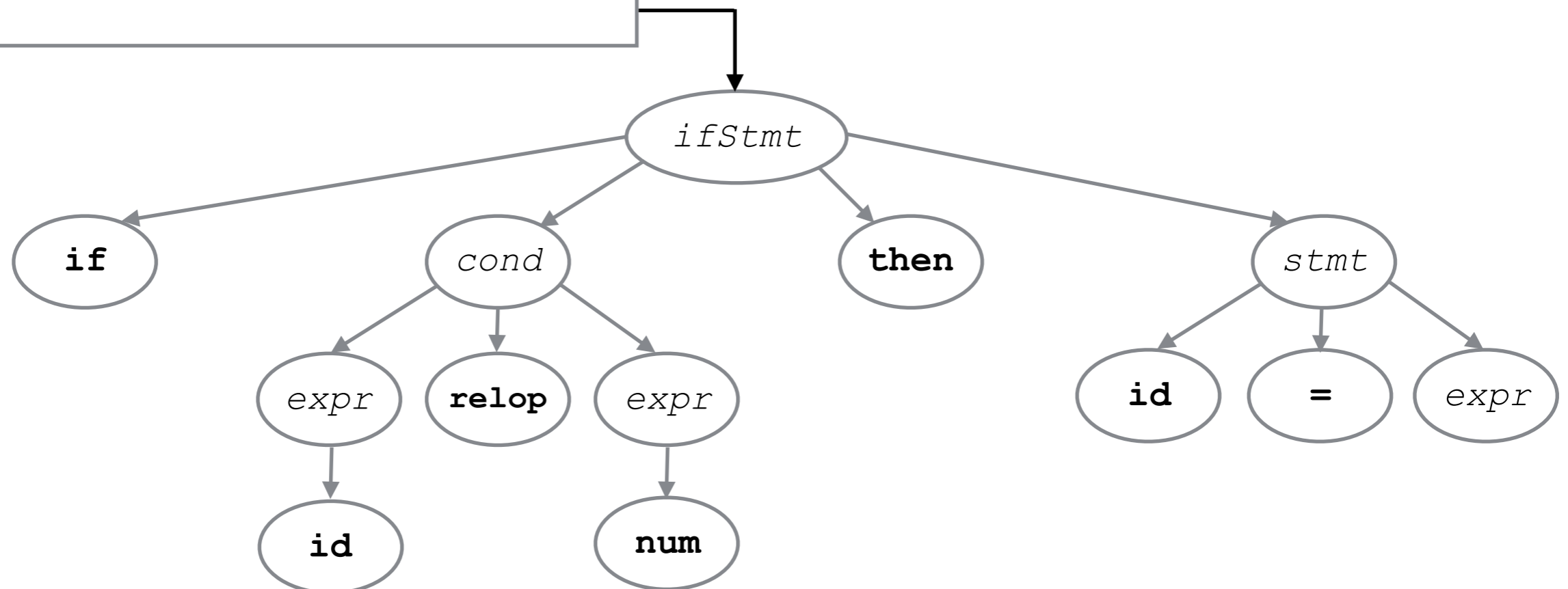


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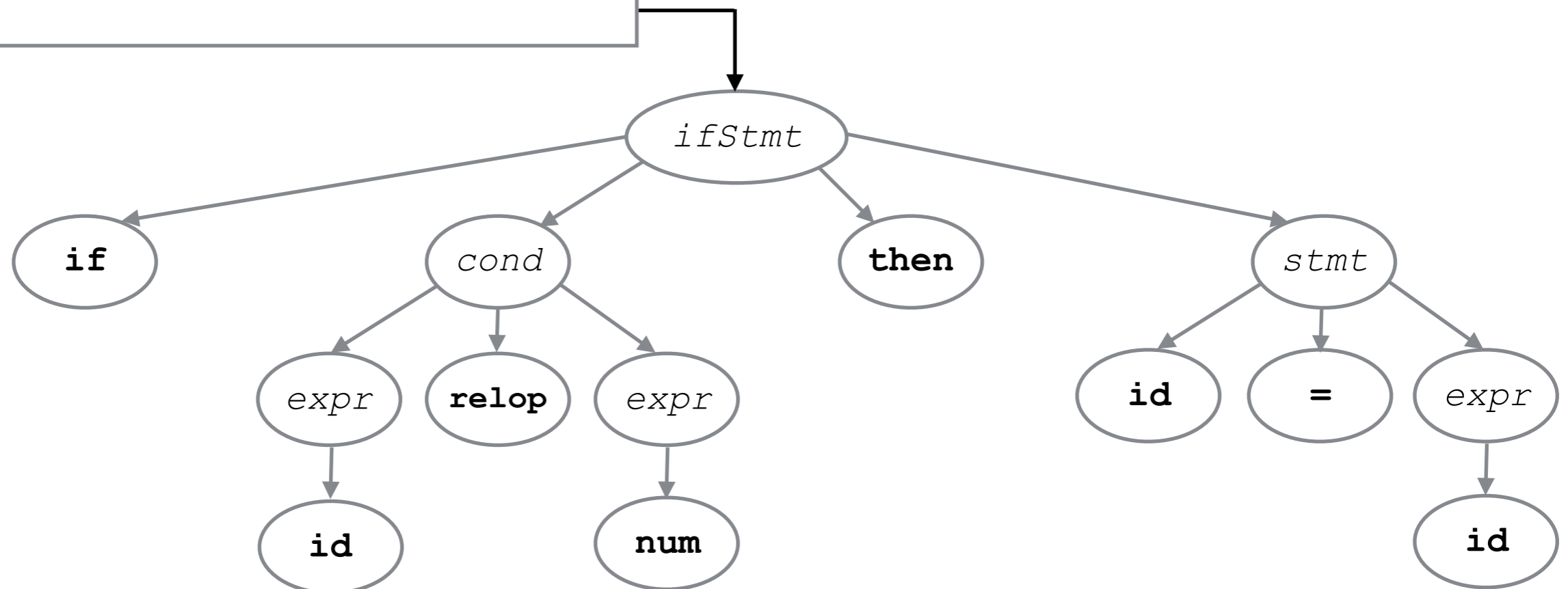


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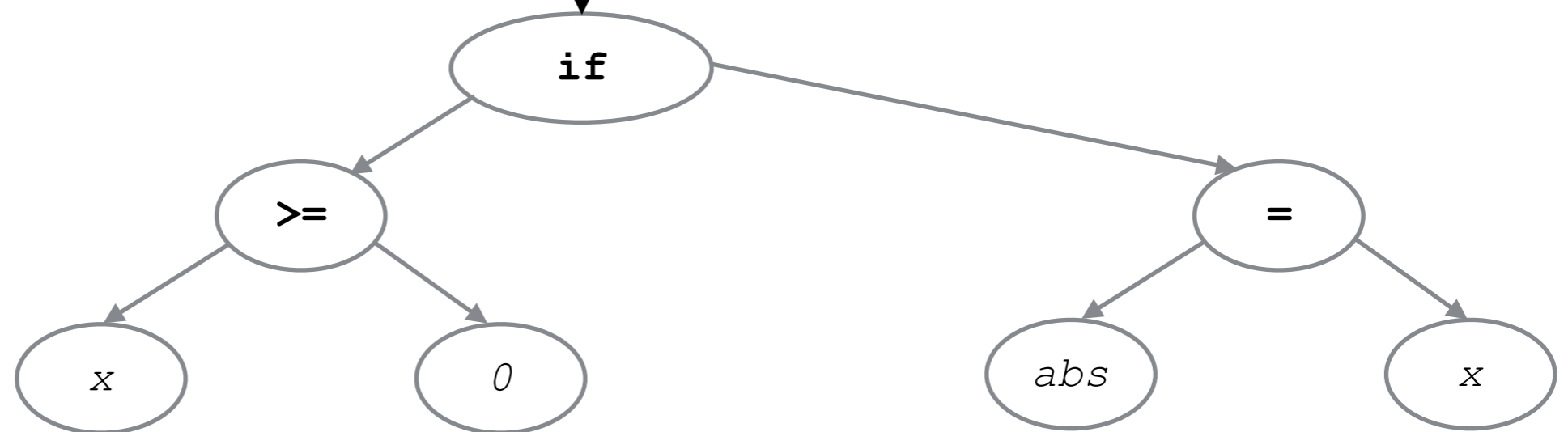
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- Definite assignment analysis

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- Correctness and profitability
- Most optimizations run in two phases:
 - Analysis (data-flow, control-flow, etc.)
 - Transformation
- Optimizations usually require specific code representation:
 - Static Single Assignment (SSA)
 - Control-Flow Graph (CFG)

Machine-independent optimizations

Machine-independent optimizations

- Redundancy elimination (CSE, GVN)
- Useless code elimination (DCE, DSE)
- Code motion (LICM, delayed allocation)
- Enabling transformations (inlining, loop unrolling, loop peeling)

Machine-dependent optimizations

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- Peephole optimizations
- Register allocation
- Instruction scheduling
- Trampolines

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4. Improvise!

Demo

Questions?